# A Pragmatic Introduction to Secure Multi-Party Computation: Errata

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# Errata (in Reverse Chronological Order)

Last update: June 11, 2022

## 11 June 2022

Fixed a mistake in Figure 5.3, pointed out by Joe Near.

# 5 April 2021

Following a mistake pointed out by Jonathan Katz:

• Section 3.5.1 and Figure 3.3 (BMR) - the PRF *F* was used inconsistently, and needs to take a gate index as an input for all uses. This has been corrected by rewriting parts of the text in Section 3.5.1 and Figure 3.3 to define *F* to take two parameters, and using it this way consistently throughout.

### 14 March 2021

Corrections from Weiran Liu:

- p. 40 (Section 3.2.1): "The computed shares,  $s_k^1, s_k^2$ , indeed are shares of the active output value:  $s_k^1 \oplus s_k^2 = (s_i^1 \oplus s_j^1) \oplus (s_i^2 \oplus s_j^2) = (s_i^1 \oplus s_i^2) \oplus (s_j^1 \oplus s_j^2) = v_1 \oplus v_2$ " uses the wrong notation for the last term. It should be " $w_i \oplus w_j$ " instead of " $v_1 \oplus v_2$ " at the end.
- p. 70 (Figure 4.1): The last step in the figure, "Compute the output tables, as in Figure 3.2." should be "Compute the output tables, as in Figure 3.1.".

#### 30 December 2020

Corrections from Wei Jiang:

- p. 18 (Definition 2.1): fixed formatting of Rec.
- p. 19: "which is sends"  $\rightarrow$  "which is sent"
- p. 22: "consist"  $\rightarrow$  "consists"

- p. 22: missing "adversary" after malicious
- p. 25: "to depended" rightarrow "depends"
- p. 29 (Figure 2.1): The definitions of the functionalities for OT and commitment are inconsistent in how they describe the parameters. Both of the definitions have been tweaked to make the input parameters explicit for both functionalities.
- p. 29 (after Definition 2.5): cleaned up the notation for the choice selector.
- p. 30: "refered"  $\rightarrow$  "referred"
- p. 34: The probability of ending with zeros was stated incorrectly (should have been  $1 \frac{1}{2^{\sigma}}$ ); reworded to: "Decrypting the wrong row will produce an entry which has low  $(p = \frac{1}{2^{\sigma}})$ ) probability of ending with  $\sigma$  zeros, and hence will be rejected by P<sub>2</sub>."
- p. 38 (Figure 3.1): In step 2(a), g should be  $g_i$  (replaced in two places).
- p. 40: "among"  $\rightarrow$  "between"
- p. 49 (Figure 3.3): In Step 2.3, F should not take the *i* parameter.
- p. 51: "blocksare" → "blocks are". Also, fixed typesetting of Rec and *sh* in this section.
- p. 56 (critical!): the Sender and Receiver were switched in the description of semi-honest OT protocol security. It should read: "Note that this semi-honest protocol provides no security against a malicious received—the Receiver *R* can simply generate two public-private key pairs, (*sk*<sub>0</sub>, *pk*<sub>0</sub>) and (*sk*<sub>1</sub>, *pk*<sub>1</sub>) and send (*pk*<sub>0</sub>, *pk*<sub>1</sub>) to *S*, and decrypt both received ciphertexts to learn both *x*<sub>1</sub> and *x*<sub>2</sub>."
- p. 58: replaced  $r_i$  with  $r_j$  to keep notation consistent.

#### 19 September 2020

Corrected statement about Turing-completeness of finite FHE (Section 1.1), noted by Florian Kerschbaum. It now reads, "To provide *fully homomorphic encryption* (FHE), it is necessary to support a universal set of operations (e.g., both addition and multiplication, along with constants 0 and 1) so that any finite function can be computed.".

# 8 September 2020

Fixed grammatical error in first sentence!

# 13 April 2020

Many corrections suggested by Weiran Liu and Shengchao Ding. The substantive ones are:

- Figure 2.3: The notation *C* should be replaced by C.
- Figure 3.1 relabeled as Table 3.1 (and references fixed).
- p. 41: "Generalization to more than two parties. ... where *n* players  $P_1, P_2, \ldots, P_n$  evaluate a boolean circuit F" should be *C*.
- p. 53: "by setting both subshares of the first wire to a random string  $R_1 \in_R D$ " should be  $R_1 \in_R \mathcal{D}_S$ .
- p. 54, Section 3.6, last paragraph: "Then P<sub>1</sub> transfers to P<sub>2</sub> active wires on the input labels" should be "Then P<sub>1</sub> transfers to P<sub>2</sub> active labels on the input wires."
- p. 61, Section 3.8.1: Replaced Alice and Bob wit P<sub>1</sub> and P<sub>2</sub>.
- Figure 4.1: In 3(a), the notation  $p_a \oplus p_b$  should be  $p_a^0 \oplus p_b^0$ .
- Figure 4.1: The notation R (in 3(b)) should be replaced by  $\Delta$ .
- p. 71: to obtain either  $c_0$  (should be  $c^0$ ) (false, when  $b = b_0$  (should be  $b^0$ )) or  $c^1 = c^0 \oplus \Delta$  (true, when  $b^1 = b^0 \oplus \Delta$  (should be  $b = b^1$ )). Similar problem in the line before ( $c_0 \oplus b_0$  should be  $c^0 \oplus b^0$ ).

- p. 88, Figure 5.1, caption: A single array access requiring *n* (should be *N*) multiplexers.
- p. 90, above Other Oblivious Data Structures: the total circuit size for *k* operations is *O*(*k* log *n*) (should be *O*(*k* log *N*)).
- p. 95, first paragraph: "...could be implemented with less than 0.0001 probability of overflow for  $\delta = 32$ " should be "for a bucket size of 32".
- p. 99, first paragraph: The missing close parentheses should be after "function" earlier in this sentence,  $y_p^x = P_p^{\alpha,\beta}(x)$  (party *p*'s share output of the function), and  $t_p^x = (x = \alpha)$  (a share of 1 if  $x = \alpha$ , otherwise a share of 0).
- Figure 6.1: should be Table 6.1.
- p. 109, first paragraph: "circuits agree, or by recovering P<sub>2</sub>'s" should be P<sub>1</sub>'s.
- p. 130:  $P_2$  computes  $s_3$  should be  $s_2$ .
- p. 136, paragraph 2:  $x_i =_{j \in \{1...i\}} x_i^j$  should be  $j \in \{1...\sigma\}$ .
- p. 136, last paragraph: "Then, instead of P<sub>2</sub> just sending the keys associated with its input, it sends the appropriate decommitments." should be P<sub>1</sub>.

#### 23 June 2019

- Footnote 1 on Page 34 (Patricia Thaine): "will reveal x to P<sub>1</sub>" should be "will reveal x to P<sub>2</sub>".
- Section 4.1.2 (p. 67, bottom) (Patricia Thaine): The share reconstruction description didn't include the semantic indexes. To clarify, it should be:

The share reconstruction procedure on input  $sh_{1i}$ ,  $sh_2i$ , outputs  $sh_{1i} \oplus sh_{2i} = s_i$ .

• Section 6.2 (p. 109) (Patricia Thaine):

"It follows that the parties must always perform the second phase, even when P1 is honest."

should be

"It follows that the parties must always perform the second phase, even when P1 is caught cheating."

• Section 6.5.1 (p. 113-114) (Patricia Thaine): The given wording could be interpreted ambiguously,

"In other words, the ZK proof should prevent parties from running  $\pi$  honestly, but with different inputs in different rounds."

Replaced with:

"In other words, the ZK proof should prevent parties from running  $\pi$  with different inputs in different rounds."

#### 10 July 2019

• Fixes to notation in Section 4.1 (the GESS construction) to avoid confusion in the  $\Delta$  notation. (Shengchao Ding)

#### 23 Aug 2019

- Section 4.1.3, p. 71, line 2-3 (Shengchao Ding): "when  $v_a$  is false,  $v_c = v_b$ " should be "when  $v_a$  is true,  $v_c = v_b$ "
- Section 4.2.2, several instances (Shengchao Ding): "CMBC-GC" should be "CBMC-GC"

#### 2 October 2019

• Figure 3.4 (BMR Multi-Party GC Generation) (Kelong Cong): line 23 of the figure has  $w_{c,1}^0$ , but it should be  $w_{c,1}^1$ .